

## The Weekly Bottom Line

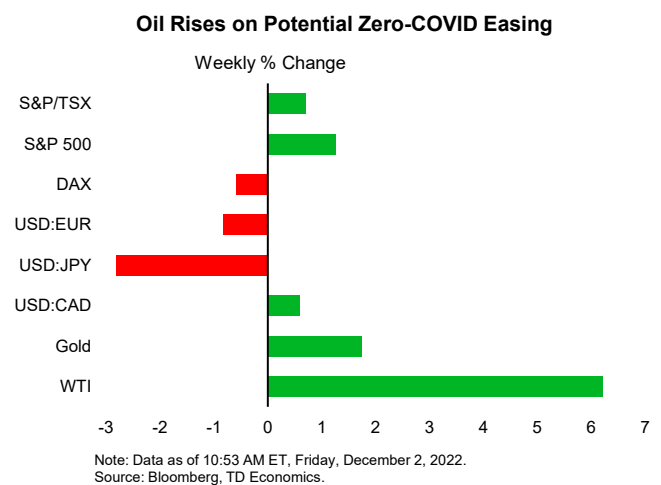
December 2, 2022

### Highlights

- Employment rose by 0.2% month-on-month (m/m) for the fourth consecutive month in November, surpassing expectations for a moderate slowdown in job growth.
- Core PCE inflation for October eased slightly to 5% year-on-year (y/y), but was supported by strong spending growth and a drop in the consumer savings rate to a 17-year low.
- FOMC Chair Powell noted in his speech on Wednesday that rate hikes may slow as early as December but reiterated that the Fed has a long way to go in restoring price stability.

This Week in the Markets				
	Current*	Week Ago	52-Week High	52-Week Low
<b>Stock Market Indexes</b>				
S&P 500	4077	4026	4797	3577
S&P/TSX Comp.	20525	20384	22087	18206
DAX	14457	14541	16272	11976
FTSE 100	7528	7487	7672	6826
Nikkei	27778	28283	29332	24718
<b>Fixed Income Yields</b>				
U.S. 10-yr Treasury	3.57	3.68	4.24	1.34
Canada 10-yr Bond	2.88	2.93	3.68	1.32
Germany 10-yr Bund	1.82	1.97	2.42	-0.39
UK 10-yr Gilt	3.09	3.12	4.51	0.70
Japan 10-yr Bond	0.26	0.25	0.26	0.04
<b>Foreign Exchange Cross Rates</b>				
C\$ (USD per CAD)	0.74	0.75	0.80	0.72
Euro (USD per EUR)	1.05	1.04	1.15	0.96
Pound (USD per GBP)	1.22	1.21	1.37	1.07
Yen (JPY per USD)	135.3	139.2	150.2	112.8
<b>Commodity Spot Prices**</b>				
Crude Oil (\$US/bbl)	80.7	77.8	123.7	66.3
Natural Gas (\$US/MMBtu)	6.25	6.36	9.84	3.33
Copper (\$US/met. tonne)	8311.5	7975.0	10702.0	7160.0
Gold (\$US/troy oz.)	1785.7	1754.9	2050.8	1622.4

\*As of 9:31 AM on Friday. \*\*Oil-WTI, Cushing, Nat. Gas-Henry Hub, LA (Thursday close price). Copper-LME Grade A. Gold-London Gold Bullion. Source: Bloomberg.



Global Official Policy Rate Targets	
Central Banks	Current Target
Federal Reserve (Fed Funds Rate)	3.75 - 4.00%
Bank of Canada (Overnight Rate)	3.75%
European Central Bank (Refi Rate)	2.00%
Bank of England (Repo Rate)	3.00%
Bank of Japan (Overnight Rate)	-0.10%

Source: Bloomberg.

TD Economics Key Financial Forecasts													
	Current Rate 12/2/22	2022				2023				2024			
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4F	Q1F	Q2F	Q3F	Q4F	Q1F	Q2F	Q3F	Q4F
Fed Funds Target Rate	4.00	0.50	1.75	3.25	4.50	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	3.25	2.75	2.25	2.00
2-yr Govt. Bond Yield	4.34	2.28	2.92	4.22	4.55	3.90	3.35	2.95	2.65	2.45	2.35	2.25	2.25
10-yr Govt. Bond Yield	3.57	2.32	2.98	3.83	3.90	3.55	3.35	3.15	3.00	2.90	2.80	2.75	2.70
30-yr Govt. Bond Yield	3.63	2.44	3.14	3.79	4.00	3.85	3.65	3.45	3.30	3.20	3.10	3.05	3.00

Forecast by TD Economics as of November 2022; all forecasts are end-of-period. Source: Bloomberg, Federal Reserve Board, TD Economics.

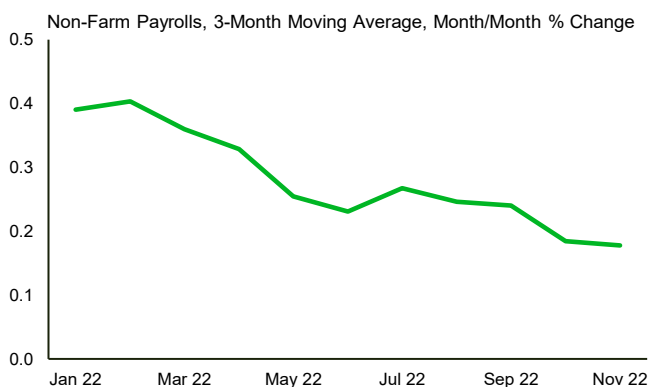
# The Job Market Marches On

Markets had to hit the ground running after the Thanksgiving holiday, with a full slate of economic data and news. The November jobs report, personal income and spending data for October, and FOMC Chair Powell’s speech on Wednesday were just the headliners. Markets rallied to start the week, but gains were pared back after the release of the November jobs report on Friday. At the time of writing, the S&P 500 is up 0.3% on the week while the ten-year yield is down 10bps to 3.59%.

In November, the seemingly indomitable U.S. labor market recorded another strong rise in employment. Non-farm payrolls rose by 263k jobs, rising at a pace of 0.2% month-on-month (m/m) for the fourth consecutive month (Chart 1). The unemployment rate remained unchanged at 3.7%, while the labor force declined slightly (-0.1% m/m). Average hourly earnings accelerated by 0.6% m/m, doubling market expectations.

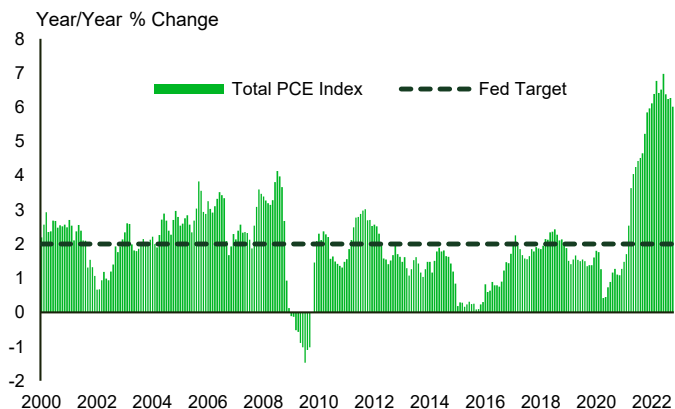
Oil prices rose this week after Chinese officials eased up on their Zero-Covid messaging in the wake of wide-spread protests. With health protocols expected to be loosened heading into 2023, the prospect of renewed Chinese demand drove oil prices higher. Looking to next week, OPEC+ will have its bi-monthly meeting on Sunday after previously cutting production by 2 million barrels per day in October. The following day, the EU will implement its embargo on Russian oil. European officials also recently announced a \$60 per barrel price cap on Russian oil, which they intend to implement in coordination with the G7 and Australia on the same day their embargo goes into effect.

**Chart 1: Non-Farm Payrolls Maintain Steady Growth in November**



Source: U.S. BLS, TD Economics.

**Chart 2: PCE Inflation Ticked Lower in October, but Remained Elevated**



Source: U.S. BEA, TD Economics. Last observation: October 2022.

Overall, bullish sentiments linger in the oil market as we head into the final month of the year.

Personal income saw a healthy gain in October (+0.7% m/m), driven by strong growth in employee compensation (0.5% m/m) alongside one-time refundable tax credits issued by states. Consumers were keen to spend those gains, with spending rising even more (+0.8% m/m). That took the consumer savings rate to a 17-year low of 2.3%. It wasn’t all inflation either. Controlling for taxes and inflation, income rose 0.4% m/m. Real spending was up a healthy 0.5% m/m, which puts third quarter consumer spending on track for a healthy gain. Headline PCE inflation fell 0.2 percentage-points (ppts) to 6% y/y (Chart 2) while the Fed’s preferred core PCE measure fell 0.1ppts to 5% y/y.

Earlier in the week we heard from Chair Powell for the first time since the November FOMC meeting. His remarks were little changed overall, but markets reacted strongly to his statement that “the time for moderating the pace of rate increases may come as soon as the December meeting”. This reaction, however, overlooked his reiteration that the FOMC has “a long way to go in restoring price stability” and that this will likely require “holding policy at a restrictive level for some time”. Coupled with his insistence that the FOMC will need to see “substantially more evidence to give comfort that inflation is actually declining” alongside the strong November jobs report, it is fair to say that their job is far from done.

Andrew Foran, Economist | 416-350-8927

Recent Key Economic Indicators: Nov 28 - Dec 2, 2022					
Release Date	Economic Indicator/Event	Data for Period	Units	Current	Prior
<b>United States</b>					
Nov 29	S&P CoreLogic CS US HPI NSA	Sep	Y/Y % Chg.	-	13.0
Nov 29	Conf. Board Consumer Confidence	Nov	Index	100.0	102.5
Nov 30	ADP Employment Change	Nov	Thsd	195.0	239.0
Nov 30	Advance Goods Trade Balance	Oct	M/M % Chg.	-90.2	-92.2
Nov 30	Core PCE	3Q	Q/Q % Chg.	-	4.5
Nov 30	Gross Domestic Product Annualized	3Q	Q/Q % Chg.	2.7	2.6
Nov 30	Personal Consumption	3Q	Q/Q % Chg.	1.5	1.4
Nov 30	Pending Home Sales	Oct	M/M % Chg.	-5.2	-10.2
Dec 1	Initial Jobless Claims	Nov 26	Thsd	-	240.0
Dec 1	PCE Deflator	Oct	Y/Y % Chg.	6.0	6.2
Dec 1	Personal Income	Oct	M/M % Chg.	0.4	0.4
Dec 1	Real Personal Spending	Oct	M/M % Chg.	0.6	0.3
Dec 1	S&P Global US Manufacturing PMI	Nov	Index	-	47.6
Dec 1	ISM Manufacturing	Nov	Index	49.8	50.2
Dec 1	Wards Total Vehicle Sales	Nov	Mlns	14.9	14.9
Dec 2	Average Hourly Earnings	Nov	M/M % Chg.	0.3	0.4
Dec 2	Change in Nonfarm Payrolls	Nov	Thsd	200.0	261.0
Dec 2	Unemployment Rate	Nov	%	3.7	3.7
<b>Canada</b>					
Nov 29	Gross Domestic Product	Sep	M/M % Chg.	0.1	0.3
Nov 29	Quarterly Gross Domestic Product Annualized	3Q	Q/Q % Chg.	2.9	3.2
Dec 2	Net Change in Employment	Nov	Thsd	10.1	108.3
Dec 2	Unemployment Rate	Nov	%	5.1	5.2
<b>International</b>					
Nov 28	JN Jobless Rate	Oct	%	2.6	2.6
Nov 28	JN Retail Sales	Oct	Y/Y % Chg.	4.3	4.8
Nov 29	CH Manufacturing PMI	Nov	Index	48.0	49.2
Nov 30	EZ Consumer Price Index Estimate	Nov	Y/Y % Chg.	10.6	10.7
Nov 30	IN Gross Domestic Product	3Q	Y/Y % Chg.	6.3	13.5
Nov 30	JN Jibun Bank Japan PMI Mfg	Nov	Index	49.0	49.4
Nov 30	CH Caixin China PMI Mfg	Nov	Index	49.4	49.2
Dec 1	EZ Unemployment Rate	Oct	%	6.5	6.6
Dec 1	BZ Gross Domestic Product	3Q	Y/Y % Chg.	3.6	3.7

\*Eastern Standard Time. Source: Bloomberg, TD Economics.

Upcoming Economic Releases and Events: Dec 5 - 9, 2022						
Release Date	Time*	Economic Indicator/Event	Data for Period	Units	Consensus Forecast	Last Period
<b>United States</b>						
Dec 5	9:45	S&P Global US Composite PMI	Nov	Index	46.3	46.3
Dec 5	9:45	S&P Global US Services PMI	Nov	Index	46.1	46.1
Dec 5	10:00	Cap Goods Orders Nondef Ex Air	Oct	M/M % Chg.	-	0.7
Dec 5	10:00	Durable Goods Orders	Oct	M/M % Chg.	-	1.0
Dec 5	10:00	Factory Orders	Oct	M/M % Chg.	0.7	0.3
Dec 5	10:00	Factory Orders Ex Trans	Oct	M/M % Chg.	-	-0.1
Dec 5	10:00	ISM Services Index	Nov	Index	53.5	54.4
Dec 6	8:30	Trade Balance	Oct	Blns	-79.4	-73.3
Dec 7	8:30	Unit Labor Costs	3Q	Q/Q % Chg.	3.4	3.5
Dec 8	8:30	Initial Jobless Claims	Dec 3	Thsd	246.0	225.0
Dec 9	8:30	PPI Ex Food and Energy	Nov	M/M % Chg.	0.2	0.0
Dec 9	8:30	PPI Final Demand	Nov	M/M % Chg.	0.2	0.2
Dec 9	10:00	Wholesale Trade Sales	Oct	M/M % Chg.	-	0.4
<b>Canada</b>						
Dec 6	8:30	Int'l Merchandise Trade	Oct	Blns	0.9	1.1
Dec 7	10:00	Bank of Canada Rate Decision	Dec 7	%	4.00	3.75
Dec 8	12:45	<i>BoC's Deputy Governor, Sharon Kozicki, Gives Remarks on Economic Progress Report</i>				
<b>International</b>						
Dec 5	5:00	EZ Retail Sales	Oct	Y/Y % Chg.	-2.6	-0.6
Dec 7	5:00	EZ Employment	3Q	Y/Y % Chg.	-	1.7
Dec 7	5:00	EZ Gross Domestic Product SA	3Q	Y/Y % Chg.	2.1	2.1
Dec 7	18:50	JN Gross Domestic Product Annualized SA	3Q	Q/Q % Chg.	-1.0	-1.2
Dec 8	20:30	CH Consumer Price Index	Nov	Y/Y % Chg.	1.6	2.1

\*Eastern Standard Time. Source: Bloomberg, TD Economics.

## Disclaimer

This report is provided by TD Economics. It is for informational and educational purposes only as of the date of writing, and may not be appropriate for other purposes. The views and opinions expressed may change at any time based on market or other conditions and may not come to pass. This material is not intended to be relied upon as investment advice or recommendations, does not constitute a solicitation to buy or sell securities and should not be considered specific legal, investment or tax advice. The report does not provide material information about the business and affairs of TD Bank Group and the members of TD Economics are not spokespersons for TD Bank Group with respect to its business and affairs. The information contained in this report has been drawn from sources believed to be reliable, but is not guaranteed to be accurate or complete. This report contains economic analysis and views, including about future economic and financial markets performance. These are based on certain assumptions and other factors, and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. The actual outcome may be materially different. The Toronto-Dominion Bank and its affiliates and related entities that comprise the TD Bank Group are not liable for any errors or omissions in the information, analysis or views contained in this report, or for any loss or damage suffered.