TD Economics



The Weekly Bottom Line

April 8, 2022

Highlights

- The first full week of the second quarter was sparse on economic data. The service sector showed signs of modest acceleration, while vehicle sales declined for the second consecutive month in March.
- The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) March meeting minutes reiterated members' unwavering commitment to moving fast to restore price stability.
- The minutes provided a blueprint of the Fed's balance sheet runoff, which will be more aggressive and ramp up faster than before. At such pace, the runoff should finish by the end of 2024.

This Week in the Markets										
	Current*	Week Ago	52-Week High	52-Week Low						
	Stock N	arket Index	es							
S&P 500	4511	4546	4797	4063						
S&P/TSX Comp.	21933	21953	22087	19032						
DAX	14281	14446	16272	12832						
FTSE 100	7666	7538	7672	6844						
Nikkei	26986	27666	30670	24718						
Fixed Income Yields										
U.S. 10-yr Treasury	2.69	2.38	2.69	1.17						
Canada 10-yr Bond	2.61	2.43	2.61	1.12						
Germany 10-yr Bund	0.71	0.56	0.71	-0.50						
UK 10-yr Gilt	1.76	1.61	1.76	0.51						
Japan 10-yr Bond	0.23	0.23	0.25	0.01						
Foreign Exchange Cross Rates										
C\$ (USD per CAD)	0.79	0.80	0.83	0.77						
Euro (USD per EUR)	1.09	1.10	1.23	1.09						
Pound (USD per GBP)	1.30	1.31	1.42	1.30						
Yen (JPY per USD)	124.3	122.5	124.3	107.9						
	Commod	ity Spot Price	es**							
Crude Oil (\$US/bbl)	97.0	99.3	123.7	59.3						
Natural Gas (\$US/MMBtu)	6.05	5.40	6.52	2.40						
Copper (\$US/met. tonne)	10314.5	10343.0	11299.5	8864.3						
Gold (\$US/troy oz.)	1944.4	1925.7	2050.8	1726.4						
*As of 11:20 AM on Friday. **O			b, LA (Thursday close	orice). Copper-						
LME Grade A. Gold-London Gold Bullion. Source: Bloomberg.										

Stocks Fall as Markets Brace for Higher Rates Weekly % Change S&P/TSX S&P 500 DAX USD:EUR USD:JPY USD:CAD Gold WTI -4.0 -2.0 Note: Data as of 11:05 AM ET, Friday, April 8, 2022.

Global Official Policy Rate Targets						
Central Banks	Current Target					
Federal Reserve (Fed Funds Rate)	0.25 - 0.50%					
Bank of Canada (Overnight Rate)	0.50%					
European Central Bank (Refi Rate)	0.00%					
Bank of England (Repo Rate)	0.75%					
Bank of Japan (Overnight Rate)	-0.10%					
Source: Bloomhera						

Source: Bloomberg, TD Economics

TD Economics Key Financial Forecasts													
	Current Rate	2021			2022			2023					
	4/8/22	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2F	Q3F	Q4F	Q1F	Q2F	Q3F	Q4F
Fed Funds Target Rate	0.50	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.50	1.25	1.50	1.75	2.00	2.25	2.25	2.25
2-yr Govt. Bond Yield	2.49	0.16	0.25	0.28	0.73	1.80	1.95	2.00	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.00	2.00
10-yr Govt. Bond Yield	2.69	1.74	1.45	1.52	1.52	2.15	2.25	2.35	2.40	2.45	2.40	2.35	2.30
30-yr Govt. Bond Yield	2.72	2.41	2.06	2.08	1.90	2.45	2.55	2.65	2.70	2.75	2.70	2.65	2.60
Forecast by TD Economics as of March 2022; all forecasts are end-of-period. Source: Bloomberg, Federal Reserve Board, TD Economics.													



The Fed's Most Important Task

The first full week of the second quarter was sparse on economic data. On Tuesday, the Institute for Supply Management released its <u>report on services</u> that provided signs of modest acceleration in economic activity in the sector. Still, the report was full of contrasting elements. On the one hand, demand indicators were higher with business activity, and both new domestic and export orders up on the month. This was likely supported by stronger employment and the recent improvement in delivery times allowing businesses to rebuild depleted inventories.

On the other hand, the imports sub-index fell into a contractionary territory while ongoing supply chain issued lowered purchasing managers' inventory sentiment to an all-time low. The prices paid indicator was unsurprisingly higher given the energy shock dealt by the Russia-Ukraine war with all 18 industries reporting higher prices (Chart 1). In addition, respondents' comments were quite negative, reflecting the pessimism over increasing cost and ongoing supply chain disruption.

This pessimism was echoed in the <u>vehicle sales release</u>, which showed the second consecutive month of decline in March. While underlying demand remains strong and improving, sales will remain constrained by limited inventory. Furthermore, production may suffer another blow should the war in Ukraine result in semiconductor shortages later in this year. As a result of strong demand and tight supply, the inventory-to-sales ratio – a measure of adequacy of supply relative to current demand – remains historically low. This will continue to put upward pressure on car prices over the near-term.

Chart 1: Prices Paid by the Services Sector Hang High

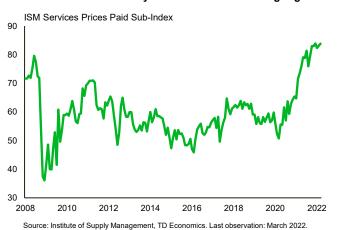
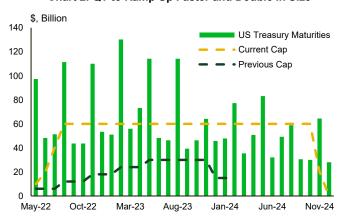


Chart 2: QT to Ramp Up Faster and Double in Size



*Amount of US Treasury maturing in the System Open Market Account, excluding bills. Source: Federal Reserve Bank of New York, TD Economics. Last data point is December 2024.

Fighting persistent price pressures remains the Fed's most important task. The Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) March meeting minutes reiterated members" unwavering commitment to moving fast to restore price stability and reach a neutral policy stance by year end. Many participants expressed their concerns about inflationary risk and voiced their preference to tighten the policy rate by 50 basis points at the next meeting on May 3rd-4th.

The minutes also provided a plan for the Fed's balance sheet runoff (aka Quantitative Tightening or QT). As we wrote in this report, the monthly caps will be larger than in the previous QT cycle, scaled up by the increase in asset holdings (Chart 2). The participants agreed to shed \$60 billion Treasury securities and about \$35 billion agency MBS monthly, but the phase-in period will be shorter than we expected at just three months. The runoff may start as early as May, which suggests that the balance sheet could shrink by \$2.7 trillion by the end of 2024. By this time, we expect that the Fed will reach \$1.7 trillion in reserves – the level of reserves "consistent with the Committee's amplereserves operating framework".

Bond markets reacted by selling longer-dated US Treasury securities, which led to yield-curve steepening. At the time of writing, the 10-year Treasury yield was at 2.69% - up 0.3 percentage points relative to where it closed last week.

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Recent Key Economic Indicators: Apr 4 - 8, 2022								
Release Date	Economic Indicator/Event	Data for Period	Units	Current	Prior			
	United S	States						
Apr 4	Cap Goods Orders Nondef Ex Air	Feb	M/M % Chg.	-0.2	-0.3			
Apr 4	Durable Goods Orders	Feb	M/M % Chg.	-2.1	-2.2			
Apr 4	Factory Orders	Feb	M/M % Chg.	-0.5	1.5			
Apr 4	Factory Orders Ex Trans	Feb	M/M % Chg.	0.4	1.2			
Apr 5	Trade Balance	Feb	Blns	-89.2	-89.2			
Apr 5	S&P Global US Composite PMI	Mar	Index	57.7	58.5			
Apr 5	S&P Global US Services PMI	Mar	Index	58.0	58.9			
Apr 5	ISM Services Index	Mar	Index	58.3	56.5			
Apr 7	Initial Jobless Claims	Apr 2	Thsd	166.0	171.0			
Apr 8	Wholesale Trade Sales	Feb	M/M % Chg.	1.7	5.0			
	Cana	da						
Apr 4	BoC Business Outlook Future Sales	1Q	Q/Q % Chg.	-11.0	3.0			
Apr 4	BoC Overall Business Outlook Survey	1Q	Q/Q % Chg.	5.0	6.0			
Apr 5	Int'l Merchandise Trade	Feb	Blns	2.7	3.1			
Apr 8	Net Change in Employment	Mar	Thsds	72.5	336.6			
Apr 8	Unemployment Rate	Mar	%	5.3	5.5			
	Internat	ional						
Apr 7	EZ Retail Sales	Feb	Y/Y % Chg.	5.0	8.4			
Source: Bloomberg,	TD Economics.							



Release Date	Time*	Economic Indicator/Event	Data for Period	Units	Consensus Forecast	Last Period
		United States				
Apr 11	9:30	Fed's Bostic Makes Opening Remarks at Fed List	ens Event			
Apr 11	9:30	Fed's Bowman, Waller Give Remarks at Fed Liste	ens Event			
Apr 11	12:40	Fed's Evans Discusses Economy and Monetary F	Policy			
Apr 12	6:00	NFIB Small Business Optimism	Mar	Index	94.9	95.7
Apr 12	8:30	Consumer Price Index	Mar	M/M % Chg.	1.2	0.8
Apr 12	8:30	Consumer Price Index	Mar	Y/Y % Chg.	8.4	7.9
Apr 12	8:30	Consumer Price Index Ex Food and Energy	Mar	M/M % Chg.	0.5	0.5
Apr 12	8:30	Consumer Price Index Ex Food and Energy	Mar	Y/Y % Chg.	6.6	6.4
Apr 12	12:10	Fed's Brainard Takes Part in Wall Street Journal L	Live Event			
Apr 12	18:45	Fed's Barkin to Discuss the Economy				
Apr 13	8:30	Producer Price Index Ex Food and Energy	Mar	M/M % Chg.	0.5	0.2
Apr 13	8:30	Producer Price Index Final Demand	Mar	M/M % Chg.	1.2	8.0
Apr 14	8:30	Initial Jobless Claims	Apr 9	Thsd	-	166.0
Apr 14	8:30	Retail Sales Advance	Mar	M/M % Chg.	0.5	0.3
Apr 14	8:30	Retail Sales Ex Auto and Gas	Mar	M/M % Chg.	0.0	-0.4
Apr 14	10:00	Business Inventories	Feb	M/M % Chg.	1.3	1.1
Apr 14	15:50	Fed's Mester Discusses Workforce Development				
Apr 14	18:00	Fed's Harker Discusses Economy and Job Marke	t			
Apr 15	8:30	Empire Manufacturing	Apr	Index	2.0	-11.8
Apr 15	9:15	Capacity Utilization	Mar	%	77.9	77.6
Apr 15	9:15	Industrial Production	Mar	M/M % Chg.	0.4	0.5
Apr 15	9:15	Manufacturing (SIC) Production	Mar	M/M % Chg.	0.4	1.2
		Canada				
Apr 13	10:00	Bank of Canada Rate Decision	Apr 13	%	1.00	0.50
Apr 13	10:00	Interest Rate Announcement and Monetary Policy	Report			
Apr 13	11:00	Press Conference: Monetary Policy Report				
Apr 14	8:30	Manufacturing Sales	Feb	M/M % Chg.	-	0.6
Apr 14	8:30	Wholesale Trade Sales	Feb	M/M % Chg.	-	4.2
		International				
Apr 11	2:00	UK Monthly Gross Domestic Product (3M/3M)	Feb	M/M % Chg.	-	1.1
Apr 12	2:00	UK ILO Unemployment Rate 3Mths	Feb	%	3.8	3.9
Apr 13	2:00	UK Consumer Price Index	Mar	Y/Y % Chg.	6.7	6.2
Apr 14	7:45	EZ ECB Main Refinancing Rate	Apr 14	%	0.00	0.00



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